# Environmental Product Declaration

In accordance with ISO 14025:2006 and EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021 for:

# Wing Foundation TerraWing T45 L15 P10t15

from

## **TerraWing AB**



Programme:	The International EPD <sup>®</sup> System, www.environdec.com
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## **General information**

#### Programme information

Programme:	The International EPD <sup>®</sup> System
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#### Accountabilities for PCR, LCA and independent, third-party verification

#### Product Category Rules (PCR)

CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the Core Product Category Rules (PCR)

Product Category Rules (PCR): PCR 2019:14 version 1.3.4 Construction products

PCR review was conducted by: The Technical Committee of the International EPD System. See www.environdec.com for a list of members. Review chair: Claudia A. Peña, University of Concepción, Chile. The review panel may be contacted via the Secretariat www.environdec.com/contact.

#### Life Cycle Assessment (LCA)

LCA accountability: Karin Eriksson, Envima AB

#### Third-party verification

Independent third-party verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006, via:

 $\boxtimes$  EPD verification by individual verifier

Third-party verifier: Viktor Hakkarainen, CHM Analytics AB

VIItor Halelen

Approved by: The International EPD® System

Procedure for follow-up of data during EPD validity involves third party verifier:

 $\Box$  Yes  $\boxtimes$  No

The EPD owner has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD.

EPDs within the same product category but registered in different EPD programmes, or not compliant with EN 15804, may not be comparable. For two EPDs to be comparable, they must be based on the same PCR (including the same version number) or be based on fully-aligned PCRs or versions of PCRs; cover products with identical functions, technical performances and use (e.g. identical declared/functional units); have equivalent system boundaries and descriptions of data; apply equivalent data quality requirements, methods of data collection, and allocation methods; apply identical cut-off rules and impact assessment methods (including the same version of characterisation factors); have equivalent content declarations; and be valid at the time of comparison. For further information about comparability, see EN 15804 and ISO 14025.



#### **Company information**

<u>Owner of the EPD:</u> TerraWing AB Gasverksvägen 15, 611 35 Nyköping, Sweden Direct. +46(0) 155-21 77 70 Org.nr: 556623-1394

Contact: Magnus Odart

<u>Description of the organisation</u>: TerraWing AB is a Swedish company with extensive expertise in wing foundations, construction projects, and noise barriers. Since 2003, TerraWing AB has been developing and delivering wing foundations for the installation of noise barriers.

<u>Name and location of production site(s)</u>: SIA "MW konstrukcijas", Pulkveža Brieža 113, LV-2150 SIGULDA, Latvia and SIA "Tetralia", Riga, Stabu iela 49 -3, Latvta, LV-1 01 1

#### **Product information**

Product name: TerraWing T45 L15 P10t15

<u>Product description:</u> TerraWing AB's Wing Foundations, including TerraWing T45 L15 P10t15, are primarily designed as the base for noise barrier screens. These foundations are made from steel and offer several key advantages. With a high capacity of 4 to 15 foundations installed per hour, they eliminate the need for excavation, drilling, backfilling, compaction, formwork, casting, or welding. Additionally, the foundations can be installed even when the ground is frozen and are suitable for most soil conditions. Minimal preparation and post-installation work are required, making the product cost-effective and easy to use.

For more information visit terrawing.se

UN CPC code: 421 Structural metal products and parts thereof

Geographical scope: Sweden

#### LCA information

Functional unit / declared unit: 1 kg of wing foundation

Time representativeness: 2023

Database(s) and LCA software used: SimaPro 9.5, Ecoinvent 3.9.1

<u>Description of system boundaries:</u> Cradle to gate with options, modules A4, A5 C1–C4, module D. (A1-A3+A4+A5+C1-C4+D)

Electricity used in A3: Latvian residual mix (2022), GWP-GHG: 0.685 kg CO2-eq/kWh.



#### System diagram:



The manufacturing steps at the two facilities (A3) can be described as follows:

#### Factory 1 Production Process:

- 1. **Steel Tubes, Bars, and Profiles**: These materials are cut to the required length upon arrival, prepared, and then welded together.
- 2. Steel Plates for Wings: Plates are cut to shape using shears, then prepared and welded.
- 3. **TWP and TWF Plates**: These plates are thermally cut using laser or plasma cutting methods, drilled for holes, and prepared for either pole welding or hot-dip galvanizing (HDG).
- 4. **Hot-Dip Galvanizing (HDG)**: All products undergo hot-dip galvanizing to ensure protection against corrosion and durability.

#### Factory 2 Production Process:

- 1. **Material Receipt and Inspection**: Materials are unloaded from trucks and subjected to a thorough quality inspection. Any potential issues that could impact later stages are documented, and stock levels are updated based on material documentation.
- 2. **Sorting and Processing Streams**: After inspection, materials are sorted into different processing streams for further handling.
- 3. **Plates**: Plates are sent to a subsidiary for **CNC plasma cutting**. Once cut, the parts are cleaned, inspected, and machined if needed. If plates require marking, they are labeled before proceeding to the next stage.
- 4. **Tubes**: Tubes are cut to the required length using a bandsaw, and holes are created using a CNC plasma cutter. Afterward, the tubes are cleaned.
- 5. **Beams**: Beams are also cut to size with a bandsaw and cleaned in preparation for welding.
- 6. **Assembly**: Once all parts have been processed, they are brought together for assembly. The foundations are first assembled and welded. Following this, the welds are cleaned and deburred.
- 7. **Galvanization**: After assembly, all parts go through the galvanization process for added protection and durability.
- 8. **Packing and Shipment**: Finally, the completed components are packed and prepared for shipment to the site.



#### Transport (A4)

The transport from the production facilities in Latvia is estimated to be around 65 km by lorry from the production facility to the port in Riga. From there, the goods are transported by ferry for about 500 km to a port in Stockholm. Finally, the goods are delivered by lorry, with an average distance of around 250 km from the port to the customer.

#### Installation (A5)

When installing the foundations an excavator or specialized machine with an attached hydraulic hammer is used. The machines consume approximately 0,8 liters of diesel per foundation. As mentioned TerraWing primarily sells their products to Sweden and Norway. The energy content of diesel was assumed to 35,3 MJ/liter in Sweden. There is no waste that needs to be removed from the site after installation, which is one of the benefits of TerraWing's products.

#### End of life stages (C1-C4)

The end-of-life stages for TerraWings products include deconstruction (C1), transport to waste facility (C2), recycling of steel (C3), and disposal/landfill (C4).

The deconstruction process is assumed to be performed in the same manner as the installation, requiring the same amount of fuel. The average transport distance to waste facility is assumed to be 50 km. PCR 2019:14 states that the EU R2 recycling values should be used as default, for steel the recycling rate in Europe is 85 %. For many countries the recycling rate for steel is significantly higher. The remaining amount of steel (15 %) is assumed to go to landfill.

#### Benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries (D)

Module D claims the benefits and loads of the amount recycled material in the steel. The share of recycled material going into the system is different for each product and is based on the total amount of recycled material in the raw material (pre-and post-consumer steel). For TerraWing T45 L15 P10t15 the amount of recycled material is around 31 %.

#### Cut-off criteria

The cut-off criteria are 95 % of total inflows (mass and energy) and environmental impact per module (A1-A3, A4, A5, C1-C4 and D) as specified in Chapter 4.4 in the PCR.

#### Data quality

All data has been gathered from specific sources whenever possible. For the core process, specific data from the production have been used. Where specific data could not be collected for certain inflows, generic data has been used instead, sourced from the SimaPro 9.5 software and Ecoinvent 3.9.1 database.

#### Allocation and key assumptions

Allocation follows the requirements outlined in EN 15804. This Environmental Product Declaration (EPD) represents a TerraWing foundation, based on data collected from two production sites, with calculations reflecting an average impact value. Therefore, some products may have a lower or higher actual environmental impact than what is declared.

Certain assumptions have been made for underlying data. EPDs based on the EN 15804:2012+A1 standard were used for some raw materials purchased by TerraWing's suppliers. These are assumed to be applicable, contributing to a higher proportion of specific data. Missing impact categories in these EPDs have been supplemented with generic data.



## Modules declared, geographical scope, share of specific data (in GWP-GHG results) and Data variation (in GWP-GHG results):

	Pro	duct st	age	Const proc sta	ruction cess age			Us	se sta	ge			End of life stage Resource recovery stage				
	Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery-Recycling- potential
Module	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	В5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Modules declared	х	х	х	х	х	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	х	х	х	х	х
Geography	(	GLO, L\	/	EUR	SE/NO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	SE/ NO	SE/ NO	SE/ NO	SE/ NO	SE/NO
Specific data used		72%		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variation – products		0%		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variation – sites		<10%		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

## **Content information**

Product components	Weight, kg	Post-consumer material, weight-%	Biogenic material, weight-% and kg C/kg
Galvanized steel	1	31%	-
TOTAL	1	31%	-
Packaging materials	Weight, kg	Weight-% (versus the product)	Weight biogenic carbon, kg C/kg
Polyethylene	1.97E-6	1.97E-4	-
Wood	2.05E-05	2.05E-3	1.01E-5
EU pallet	5.06E-03	5.1E-1	2.98E-3
TOTAL	5.08E-3	5.08E-1	2.99E-3

The product contains no substances included in the REACH Candidate list (Substance of Very High Concern).



## **Results of the environmental performance indicators**

The following tables show the results of the life cycle assessment for 1 kg TerraWing T45 L15 P10t15.

Infrastructure is not included in the calculations, except in the case of energy flows, where it is included. The estimated impact results are only relative statements, which do not indicate the endpoints of the impact categories, exceeding threshold values, safety margins and/or risks. The use of results from modules A1–A3 without considering the outcomes of module C is discouraged, as it may lead to an incomplete assessment.

## Mandatory impact category indicators according to EN 15804 +A2 Method V1.01 / EF 3.1 normalization and weighting set

Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-fossil	kg CO2 eq.	2.35E+00	1.06E-01	5.63E-02	4.98E-02	7.82E-03	2.02E-02	4.18E-04	-7.82E-01
GWP-biogenic	kg CO2 eq.	-2.02E-02	3.96E-05	2.79E-02	2.01E-05	4.41E-06	4.57E-04	1.25E-06	-4.23E-03
GWP- Iuluc	kg CO2 eq.	1.11E-03	2.82E-06	5.63E-06	5.51E-06	1.50E-07	1.55E-05	2.04E-08	-2.61E-04
GWP- total	kg CO2 eq.	2.32E+00	1.06E-01	7.51E-02	4.99E-02	7.83E-03	2.07E-02	4.19E-04	-7.87E-01
AP	mol H <sup>+</sup> eq.	7.83E-03	1.89E-03	4.55E-04	4.51E-04	1.99E-05	1.32E-04	3.77E-06	-3.31E-03
EP-freshwater	kg P eq.	3.42E-04	7.79E-08	1.79E-07	1.76E-07	6.00E-09	3.11E-07	1.43E-09	-5.21E-05
EP- marine	kg N eq.	1.97E-03	4.96E-04	2.11E-04	2.09E-04	7.78E-06	5.62E-05	1.71E-06	-7.20E-04
EP-terrestrial	mol N eq.	2.12E-02	5.46E-03	2.29E-03	2.27E-03	8.24E-05	6.09E-04	1.86E-05	-7.62E-03
POCP	kg NMVOC eq.	8.47E-03	1.51E-03	6.78E-04	6.73E-04	3.21E-05	1.84E-04	5.57E-06	-3.91E-03
ODP	kg CFC 11 eq.	9.78E-08	1.88E-09	8.15E-10	7.74E-10	1.65E-10	3.53E-10	6.02E-12	-1.43E-08
ADP- minerals&metals *	kg Sb eq.	9.88E-06	2.25E-09	1.70E-08	1.70E-08	2.62E-10	8.81E-10	1.61E-11	-5.78E-06
ADP-fossil*	MJ	2.61E+01	1.33E+00	6.39E-01	6.37E-01	1.02E-01	2.90E-01	5.21E-03	-6.68E+00
WDP*	m <sup>3</sup>	5.14E-01	1.18E-03	1.37E-03	1.30E-03	9.30E-05	9.70E-04	7.14E-06	1.25E-01

Acronvms

GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential land use and land use change; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance; EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment; EP-marine = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone; ADP-minerals&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADP-fossil = Abiotic depletion for fossil resources potential; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption



\* Disclaimer: The results of the impact categories abiotic depletion of minerals and metals, land use, human toxicity (cancer), human toxicity, noncancer and ecotoxicity (freshwater) may be highly uncertain in LCAs that include capital goods/infrastructure in generic datasets, in case infrastructure/capital goods contribute greatly to the total results. This is because the LCI data of infrastructure/capital goods used to quantify these indicators in currently available generic datasets sometimes lack temporal, technological and geographical representativeness. Caution should be exercised when using the results of these indicators for decision-making purposes.

#### **Resource use indicators**

The result of the energy demand is calculated using: Cumulative Energy Demand V1.12 / Cumulative energy demand. Option B have been used, according to Annex 3 in PCR 2019:14 (ver. 1.3.4).

Results per functional or declared unit												
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D			
PERE	MJ	1.30E+00	2.83E-03	2.15E-01	3.63E-03	2.67E-04	1.38E-02	2.32E-05	-3.38E-01			
PERM	MJ	4.00E-01	0.00E+00	-2.11E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
PERT	MJ	1.70E+00	2.83E-03	3.74E-03	3.63E-03	2.67E-04	1.38E-02	2.32E-05	-3.38E-01			
PENRE	MJ	2.60E+01	1.41E+00	6.79E-01	6.78E-01	1.08E-01	3.08E-01	5.53E-03	-7.08E+00			
PENRM	MJ	1.86E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	-8.47E-05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
PENRT	MJ	2.62E+01	1.41E+00	6.79E-01	6.78E-01	1.08E-01	3.08E-01	5.53E-03	-7.08E+00			
SM	kg	3.71E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
RSF	MJ	1.76E-05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
NRSF	MJ	1.62E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
FW	m <sup>3</sup>	3.46E-02	2.08E-05	4.15E-05	2.82E-05	2.19E-06	3.82E-05	1.45E-07	-5.89E-03			
Acronyms	PERE = Use of primary energy primary energy resources used Use of renewat	renewable prim resources used excluding non-r as raw material ble secondary fu	ary energy exclu as raw materials enewable primar s; PENRT = Tota els; NRSF = Use	iding renewable s; PERT = Total y energy resour al use of non-rer of non-renewab	primary energy use of renewabl ces used as raw newable primary ple secondary fu	resources used a e primary energy materials; PENI energy re-sourc els; FW = Use of	as raw materials / resources; PEN RM = Use of non es; SM = Use of f net fresh water	; PERM = Use o NRE = Use of no -renewable prim secondary mate	f renewable n-renewable lary energy erial; RSF =			

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#### **GWP - GHG indicators**

The method used to calculate these is the IPCC 2021 GWP 100 (incl. CO2 uptake) V1.02. Biogenic carbon dioxide is excluded from the results in these tables even if they are included in the calculation method. Emissions related to fossil, land use and land use change are the only ones included in these results.

Results per functional or declared unit										
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D	
GWP - GHG	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	2.34E+00	1.04E-01	5.52E-02	4.87E-02	7.64E-03	1.98E-02	4.05E-04	-7.45E-01	

#### Waste indicators

	Results per functional or declared unit											
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	С3	C4	D			
Hazardous waste disposed	kg	7.04E-02	0.00E+00									
Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	9.02E-01	0.00E+00									
Radioactive waste disposed	kg	0.00E+00										



### **Output flow indicators**

1 kg Ter	raWing T4	5 L15 P10t	15										
	Results per functional or declared unit												
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D				
Components for re- use	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00				
Material for recycling	kg	2.03E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.85E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00				
Materials for energy recovery	kg	3.10E-04	0.00E+00										
Exported energy. electricity	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00				
Exported energy. thermal	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00				



### References

General programme instructions for the international EPD System version 4.0 (2021)

EN 15804:2012 + A2:2019 Sustainability of construction works – Environmental declaration- core rules for the product category construction products.

ISO 14025:2006 Environmental labels and declarations – Type III environmental declarations-Principles and procedures.

PCR 2019:14 (version 1.3.4), Construction products

Life Cycle Assessment report in support of Environmental Product Declarations (EPD) for – Wing foundations (2025)

